

STUDENT AND FACULTY OUTCOMES OF THE FIRST THREE YEARS OF THE DUKE MASTER OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES PROGRAM

Women



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BACKGROUND

- Pathways to health professions careers are increasingly competitive with a widening scope of competencies ~ 15% of medical students report enrolling in a post-baccalaureate program prior to medical school. 1
- Few systematic outcomes reported ²⁻⁵
- Students tend to be older, minority⁶ not children of health clinicians⁷, more likely to enter primary care and serve the underserved. 8-11
- We designed an interprofessional special master's program within the School of Medicine to address the existing gap in Duke's participation in the health professions, biomedical sciences, and health-related workforce pipeline:
- We aimed to 1) prepare students to be highly competitive candidates for health professions schools, biomedical careers, and other health-related professions; 2) increase integration of biomedical content & professional formation through experiential learning; 3) promote efforts to create and sustain workforce diversity; and 4) enhance educational innovation.

OBJECTIVE

Our objective is to report the outcomes of the MBS's first 3 cohorts, with special emphasis on enrollment to health professions and other graduate and professional schools.

METHODS*

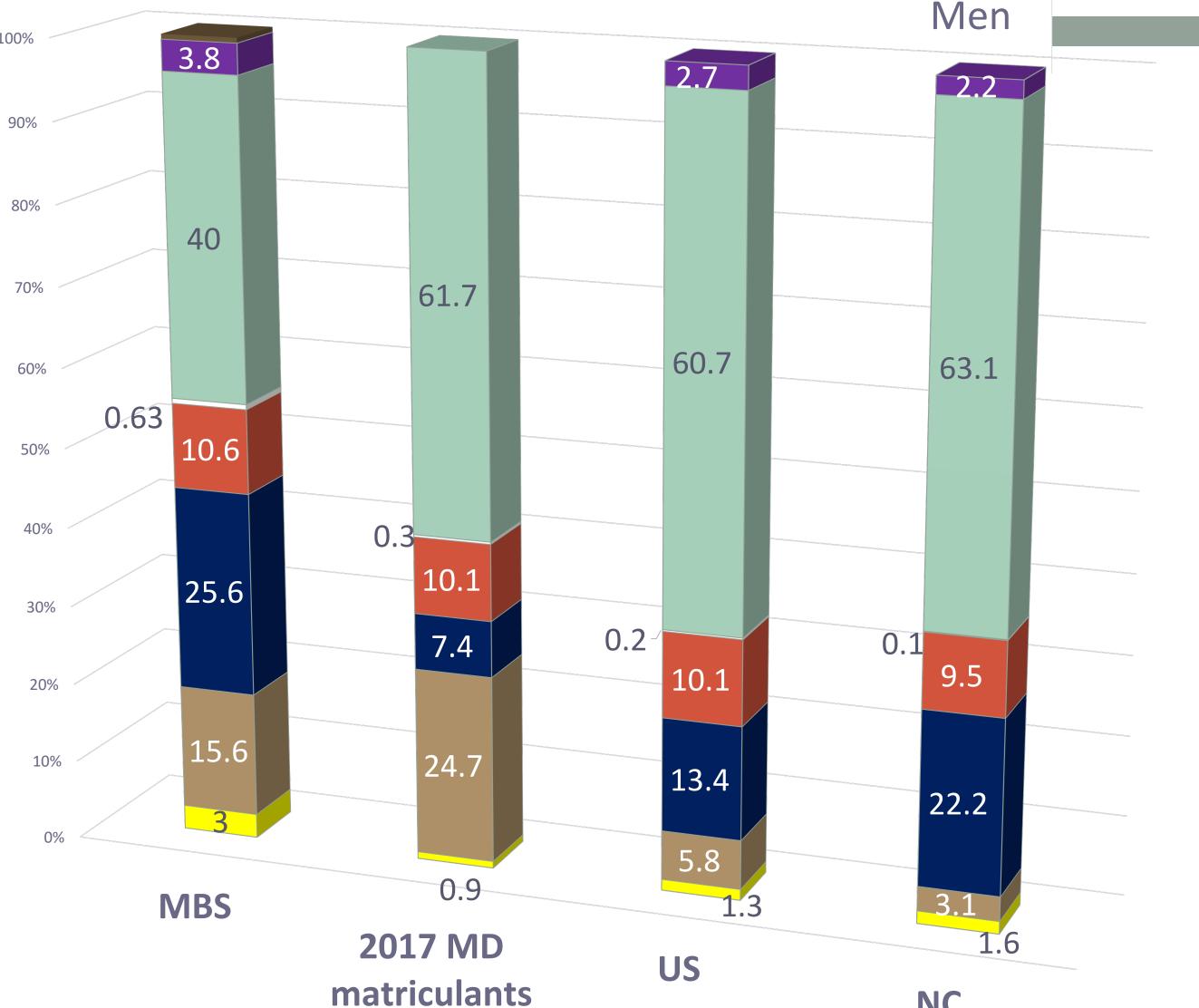
July	Aug	Sep	t Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May
Humar	Structu	œ C	ellular Scie	ence	nce Organ Systems					
Essentials of Health Practice and Professional Development (HPPD)										
EMT C	ourse		EMT Clinicals							
	Health Systems									
			Medical Statistics							
				Eviden	Practice/ Scholars' Project					
			Selectives							

- 11-month: 38 credits representing ~75% Duke's 1st year MD curriculum
- Faculty: PhD, MD, DPT, PA, DNP, PharmD, and Nutrition, representing 2 School of Medicine basic science and 8 clinical science departments, the School of Nursing, Evolutionary Anthropology in Arts and Sciences, and POP in Med Ed
- Student success tracked through postgraduate surveys and personal contacts
- Faculty experience tracked through surveys and informal communication
- * This study was reviewed and exempted by the Duke SoM Institutional Review Board.

OUTCOMES

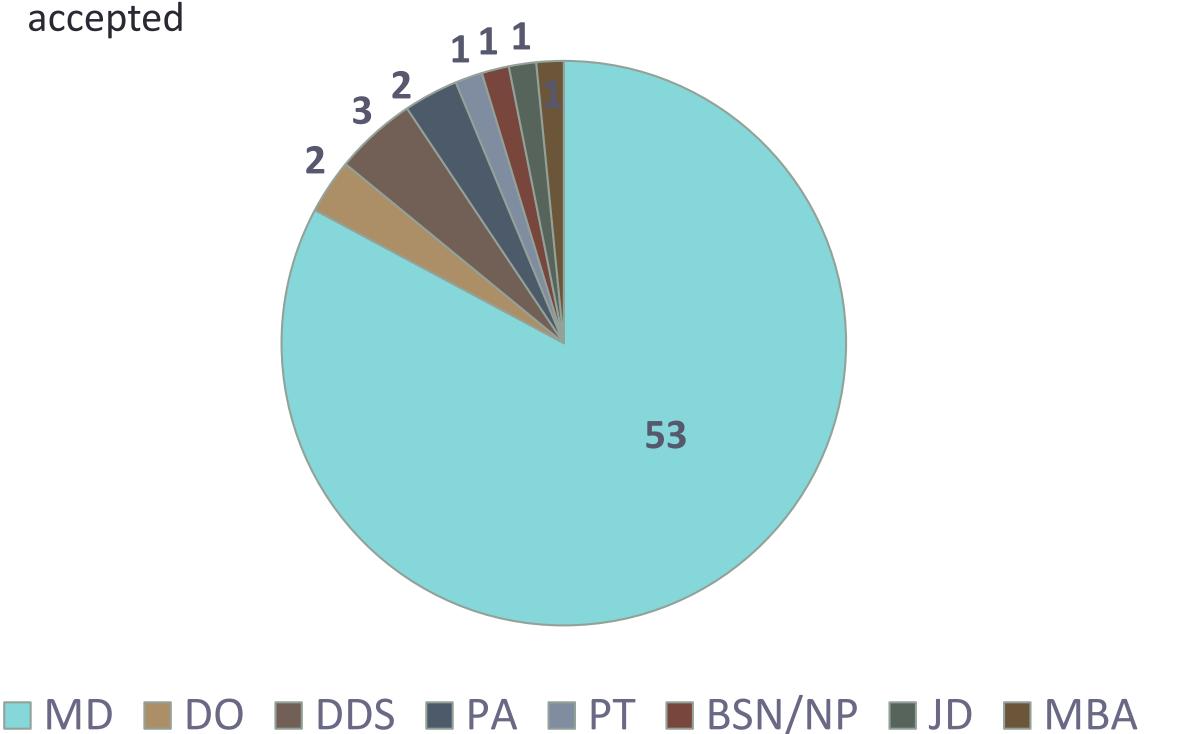
- 160 matriculants; 157 graduates; ~ 98% "on time"
- 91 colleges/universities represented



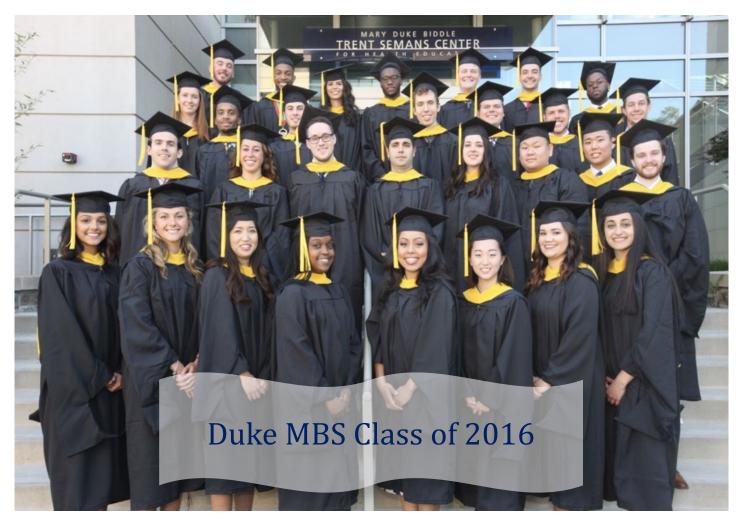


Am Ind/Alas Nat Asian ■ Black Afr Am Hispanic ■ Nat Hawai Pac Isl Non Hisp White

• 90.1% of those who applied to Health Profession/Other School were



- average MCAT of those who took the MCAT pre/post MBS 个
- Nearly all graduates not in school are employed; > ¾ through connections established specifically for MBS.
- Faculty report opportunities for interprofessional collaboration, educational innovations, and scholarship.







SIGNIFICANCE

- The Duke MBS program has provided a diverse group of students with tools and guidance necessary to successfully matriculate to health professions schools.
- Graduates have found gap year employment through the Duke Office of Clinical Research, Duke Employee and Occupational Health, and Duke Primary Care (among other regional and national employers).
- Faculty have collaborated across disciplines, producing educational innovation with enhanced professional resiliency.
- Duke MBS illustrates the value for learners and faculty in integrating biomedical science and professional development in an interdisciplinary and interprofessional educational setting.

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